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(2035)

**2501299**

UG (CBCS) (Second Year) (Annual)

EXAMINATION, 2025

B.Sc. (COMPUTER SCIENCE)

Database Management System

COMP202Th

Time : 3 Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 50

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The candidates shall limit their answer precisely within the answer-book (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

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**Note :** Attempt *Five* questions in all. Q. Nos. 1 in Part A is compulsory. Attempt *one* question from each of Parts B, C, D, and E.

## Part A

### (Compulsory Question)

1. (a) Attempt all parts :

1×10=

(i) In the.....normal form, a composite attribute is converted into individual attributes.

(1) First

(2) Second

(3) Third

(4) Fourth

(ii) Which of the following gives the logical structure of the database graphically ?

(1) Entity-relationship diagram

(2) Entity diagram

(3) Database diagram

(4) Architectural representation

(iii) Which of the following is used to denote the selection operation in relational algebra ?

- (1) Pi (Greek)
- (2) Sigma (Greek)
- (3) Lambda (Greek)
- (4) Omega (Greek)

(iv) An entity set that does not have sufficient attributes to form a primary key is termed a :

- (1) Strong entity set
- (2) Variant set
- (3) Weak entity set
- (4) Variable set

(v) Weak entity set is represented as.....

- (1) Underline
- (2) Double line
- (3) Double diamond
- (4) Double rectangle

(vi) Which type of data can be stored in the database ?

- (1) Image oriented data
- (2) Text, files containing data
- (3) Data in the form of audio video
- (4) All of the above

(vii) The language used for writing queries is :

- (1) SQL
- (2) DBTG
- (3) System R
- (4) Database

(viii) A query is used to :

- (1) extract information from database
- (2) create entities
- (3) create storage space
- (4) None of the above

(ix) DML is a language that allows :

- (1) to add new rows
- (2) to define data and their relationships
- (3) to grant privileges
- (4) None of the above

(x) Self join :

- (1) join two copies of same table
- (2) copies the table
- (3) join two copies of different table
- (4) None of the above

(b) Answer the following in 25 to 50 words each : 5×4=

- (i) What is the role of DBA ?
- (ii) How user requests for required data is handled by DBMS ?
- (iii) What is Scheme ?
- (iv) How the attributes of the entities are converted into the relational form ?
- (v) What is referential integrity in DBMS ?

### Part B

2. What are the problems of manual database ?  
What is the solution of that problems ?  
What are the different types of database end users ?

3. Explain three level architecture. What are its objectives ? 5

### Part C

4. Illustrate the concept of attributes and its types. Develop an ER diagram for library management system. 5

5. Explain the following terms with examples : 5

- (i) Attribute
- (ii) Degree
- (iii) Tuple
- (iv) Cardinality
- (v) Integrity rules.

### Part D

6. Explain the role of relational algebra ? What are different types of relational operators ? Explain traditional and special operators. 5

P.T.O.

7. Solve the following on the given database :

S(Sno, Sname, City, Status)

P(Pno, Pname, color, Weight)

SP(Sno, Pno, Quantity)

- (a) Create the above table by identifying appropriate primary key and foreign key
- (b) Get suppliers name where city is "Amritsar".
- (c) Get the total quantity supplied by "S2".

5

### Part E

8. Explain the following with example :

5

(i) Aggregation

(ii) Specialization,

9. What are the objectives to normalize the data ?

Explain different techniques.

5

